

Fundamental Physical Constants — Complete Listing

Quantity	Symbol	Value	Unit	Relative std. uncert. u_r
UNIVERSAL				
speed of light in vacuum	c, c_0	299 792 458	m s^{-1}	(exact)
magnetic constant	μ_0	$4\pi \times 10^{-7}$ $= 12.566 370 614\dots \times 10^{-7}$	N A^{-2}	
electric constant $1/\mu_0 c^2$	ϵ_0	$8.854 187 817\dots \times 10^{-12}$	F m^{-1}	(exact)
characteristic impedance of vacuum $\sqrt{\mu_0/\epsilon_0} = \mu_0 c$	Z_0	376.730 313 461...	Ω	(exact)
Newtonian constant of gravitation	G	$6.673(10) \times 10^{-11}$	$\text{m}^3 \text{kg}^{-1} \text{s}^{-2}$	1.5×10^{-3}
	$G/\hbar c$	$6.707(10) \times 10^{-39}$	$(\text{GeV}/c^2)^{-2}$	1.5×10^{-3}
Planck constant in eV s	h	$6.626 068 76(52) \times 10^{-34}$ $4.135 667 27(16) \times 10^{-15}$	J s	7.8×10^{-8}
$h/2\pi$ in eV s	\hbar	$1.054 571 596(82) \times 10^{-34}$ $6.582 118 89(26) \times 10^{-16}$	eV s	7.8×10^{-8}
Planck mass $(\hbar c/G)^{1/2}$	m_P	$2.1767(16) \times 10^{-8}$	kg	7.5×10^{-4}
Planck length $\hbar/m_P c = (\hbar G/c^3)^{1/2}$	l_P	$1.6160(12) \times 10^{-35}$	m	7.5×10^{-4}
Planck time $l_P/c = (\hbar G/c^5)^{1/2}$	t_P	$5.3906(40) \times 10^{-44}$	s	7.5×10^{-4}
ELECTROMAGNETIC				
elementary charge	e	$1.602 176 462(63) \times 10^{-19}$	C	3.9×10^{-8}
	e/h	$2.417 989 491(95) \times 10^{14}$	A J^{-1}	3.9×10^{-8}
magnetic flux quantum $h/2e$	Φ_0	$2.067 833 636(81) \times 10^{-15}$	Wb	3.9×10^{-8}
conductance quantum $2e^2/h$	G_0	$7.748 091 696(28) \times 10^{-5}$	S	3.7×10^{-9}
inverse of conductance quantum	G_0^{-1}	12 906.403 786(47)	Ω	3.7×10^{-9}
Josephson constant ^a $2e/h$	K_J	$483 597.898(19) \times 10^9$	Hz V^{-1}	3.9×10^{-8}
von Klitzing constant ^b $h/e^2 = \mu_0 c/2\alpha$	R_K	25 812.807 572(95)	Ω	3.7×10^{-9}
Bohr magneton $e\hbar/2m_e$ in eV T ⁻¹	μ_B	$927.400 899(37) \times 10^{-26}$ $5.788 381 749(43) \times 10^{-5}$	J T^{-1} eV T^{-1}	4.0×10^{-8} 7.3×10^{-9}
	μ_B/h	$13.996 246 24(56) \times 10^9$	Hz T^{-1}	4.0×10^{-8}
	μ_B/hc	46.686 4521(19)	$\text{m}^{-1} \text{T}^{-1}$	4.0×10^{-8}
	μ_B/k	0.671 7131(12)	K T^{-1}	1.7×10^{-6}
nuclear magneton $e\hbar/2m_p$ in eV T ⁻¹	μ_N	$5.050 783 17(20) \times 10^{-27}$ $3.152 451 238(24) \times 10^{-8}$	J T^{-1} eV T^{-1}	4.0×10^{-8} 7.6×10^{-9}
	μ_N/h	7.622 593 96(31)	MHz T^{-1}	4.0×10^{-8}
	μ_N/hc	$2.542 623 66(10) \times 10^{-2}$	$\text{m}^{-1} \text{T}^{-1}$	4.0×10^{-8}
	μ_N/k	$3.658 2638(64) \times 10^{-4}$	K T^{-1}	1.7×10^{-6}
ATOMIC AND NUCLEAR				
General				
fine-structure constant $e^2/4\pi\epsilon_0\hbar c$	α	$7.297 352 533(27) \times 10^{-3}$		3.7×10^{-9}
inverse fine-structure constant	α^{-1}	137.035 999 76(50)		3.7×10^{-9}

Fundamental Physical Constants — Complete Listing

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Rydberg constant $\alpha^2 m_e c / 2h$	R_∞	10 973 731.568 549(83)	m^{-1}	7.6×10^{-12}
	$R_\infty c$	$3.289\ 841\ 960\ 368(25) \times 10^{15}$	Hz	7.6×10^{-12}
	$R_\infty hc$	$2.179\ 871\ 90(17) \times 10^{-18}$	J	7.8×10^{-8}
$R_\infty hc$ in eV		13.605 691 72(53)	eV	3.9×10^{-8}
Bohr radius $\alpha / 4\pi R_\infty = 4\pi\epsilon_0\hbar^2 / m_e e^2$	a_0	$0.529\ 177\ 2083(19) \times 10^{-10}$	m	3.7×10^{-9}
Hartree energy $e^2 / 4\pi\epsilon_0 a_0 = 2R_\infty hc$ $= \alpha^2 m_e c^2$ in eV	E_h	$4.359\ 743\ 81(34) \times 10^{-18}$	J	7.8×10^{-8}
		27.211 3834(11)	eV	3.9×10^{-8}
quantum of circulation	$h/2m_e$	$3.636\ 947\ 516(27) \times 10^{-4}$	$m^2 s^{-1}$	7.3×10^{-9}
	h/m_e	$7.273\ 895\ 032(53) \times 10^{-4}$	$m^2 s^{-1}$	7.3×10^{-9}
	Electroweak			
Fermi coupling constant ^c	$G_F / (\hbar c)^3$	$1.166\ 39(1) \times 10^{-5}$	GeV^{-2}	8.6×10^{-6}
weak mixing angle ^d θ_W (on-shell scheme) $\sin^2 \theta_W = s_W^2 \equiv 1 - (m_W/m_Z)^2$	$\sin^2 \theta_W$	0.2224(19)		8.7×10^{-3}
	Electron, e^-			
electron mass in u, $m_e = A_r(e) u$ (electron relative atomic mass times u) energy equivalent in MeV	m_e	$9.109\ 381\ 88(72) \times 10^{-31}$	kg	7.9×10^{-8}
	$m_e c^2$	$5.485\ 799\ 110(12) \times 10^{-4}$	u	2.1×10^{-9}
		$8.187\ 104\ 14(64) \times 10^{-14}$	J	7.9×10^{-8}
		0.510 998 902(21)	MeV	4.0×10^{-8}
electron-muon mass ratio	m_e/m_μ	$4.836\ 332\ 10(15) \times 10^{-3}$		3.0×10^{-8}
electron-tau mass ratio	m_e/m_τ	$2.875\ 55(47) \times 10^{-4}$		1.6×10^{-4}
electron-proton mass ratio	m_e/m_p	$5.446\ 170\ 232(12) \times 10^{-4}$		2.1×10^{-9}
electron-neutron mass ratio	m_e/m_n	$5.438\ 673\ 462(12) \times 10^{-4}$		2.2×10^{-9}
electron-deuteron mass ratio	m_e/m_d	$2.724\ 437\ 1170(58) \times 10^{-4}$		2.1×10^{-9}
electron to alpha particle mass ratio	m_e/m_α	$1.370\ 933\ 5611(29) \times 10^{-4}$		2.1×10^{-9}
electron charge to mass quotient	$-e/m_e$	$-1.758\ 820\ 174(71) \times 10^{11}$	$C\ kg^{-1}$	4.0×10^{-8}
electron molar mass $N_A m_e$	$M(e), M_e$	$5.485\ 799\ 110(12) \times 10^{-7}$	$kg\ mol^{-1}$	2.1×10^{-9}
Compton wavelength $h/m_e c$ $\lambda_C / 2\pi = \alpha a_0 = \alpha^2 / 4\pi R_\infty$	λ_C	$2.426\ 310\ 215(18) \times 10^{-12}$	m	7.3×10^{-9}
classical electron radius $\alpha^2 a_0$	λ_C	$386.159\ 2642(28) \times 10^{-15}$	m	7.3×10^{-9}
Thomson cross section $(8\pi/3)r_e^2$	r_e	$2.817\ 940\ 285(31) \times 10^{-15}$	m	1.1×10^{-8}
	σ_e	$0.665\ 245\ 854(15) \times 10^{-28}$	m^2	2.2×10^{-8}
electron magnetic moment to Bohr magneton ratio to nuclear magneton ratio	μ_e	$-928.476\ 362(37) \times 10^{-26}$	$J\ T^{-1}$	4.0×10^{-8}
	μ_e/μ_B	$-1.001\ 159\ 652\ 1869(41)$		4.1×10^{-12}
	μ_e/μ_N	-1 838.281 9660(39)		2.1×10^{-9}
electron magnetic moment anomaly $ \mu_e /\mu_B - 1$	a_e	$1.159\ 652\ 1869(41) \times 10^{-3}$		3.5×10^{-9}
electron g-factor $-2(1 + a_e)$	g_e	$-2.002\ 319\ 304\ 3737(82)$		4.1×10^{-12}
electron-muon magnetic moment ratio	μ_e/μ_μ	206.766 9720(63)		3.0×10^{-8}

Fundamental Physical Constants — Complete Listing

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electron-proton magnetic moment ratio	μ_e/μ_p	- 658.210 6875(66)		1.0×10^{-8}
electron to shielded proton magnetic moment ratio	μ_e/μ'_p	- 658.227 5954(71)		1.1×10^{-8}
(H ₂ O, sphere, 25 °C)				
electron-neutron magnetic moment ratio	μ_e/μ_n	960.920 50(23)		2.4×10^{-7}
electron-deuteron magnetic moment ratio	μ_e/μ_d	- 2 143.923 498(23)		1.1×10^{-8}
electron to shielded helion ^e magnetic moment ratio	μ_e/μ'_h	864.058 255(10)		1.2×10^{-8}
(gas, sphere, 25 °C)				
electron gyromagnetic ratio $2 \mu_e /\hbar$	γ_e	1.760 859 794(71) $\times 10^{11}$	s ⁻¹ T ⁻¹	4.0×10^{-8}
	$\gamma_e/2\pi$	28 024.9540(11)	MHz T ⁻¹	4.0×10^{-8}
	Muon, μ^-			
muon mass in u, $m_\mu = A_r(\mu)$ u (muon relative atomic mass times u)	m_μ	1.883 531 09(16) $\times 10^{-28}$	kg	8.4×10^{-8}
energy equivalent in MeV	$m_\mu c^2$	0.113 428 9168(34) 1.692 833 32(14) $\times 10^{-11}$ 105.658 3568(52)	u J MeV	3.0×10^{-8} 8.4×10^{-8} 4.9×10^{-8}
muon-electron mass ratio	m_μ/m_e	206.768 2657(63)		3.0×10^{-8}
muon-tau mass ratio	m_μ/m_τ	5.945 72(97) $\times 10^{-2}$		1.6×10^{-4}
muon-proton mass ratio	m_μ/m_p	0.112 609 5173(34)		3.0×10^{-8}
muon-neutron mass ratio	m_μ/m_n	0.112 454 5079(34)		3.0×10^{-8}
muon molar mass $N_A m_\mu$	$M(\mu), M_\mu$	0.113 428 9168(34) $\times 10^{-3}$	kg mol ⁻¹	3.0×10^{-8}
muon Compton wavelength $h/m_\mu c$ $\lambda_{C,\mu}/2\pi$	$\lambda_{C,\mu}$	11.734 441 97(35) $\times 10^{-15}$	m	2.9×10^{-8}
muon magnetic moment to Bohr magneton ratio	μ_μ	1.867 594 444(55) $\times 10^{-15}$ - 4.490 448 13(22) $\times 10^{-26}$	m	2.9×10^{-8}
to nuclear magneton ratio	μ_μ/μ_B	- 4.841 970 85(15) $\times 10^{-3}$	J T ⁻¹	4.9×10^{-8}
	μ_μ/μ_N	- 8.890 597 70(27)		3.0×10^{-8}
muon magnetic moment anomaly $ \mu_\mu /(e\hbar/2m_\mu) - 1$	a_μ	1.165 916 02(64) $\times 10^{-3}$		5.5×10^{-7}
muon g-factor $-2(1 + a_\mu)$	g_μ	- 2.002 331 8320(13)		6.4×10^{-10}
muon-proton magnetic moment ratio	μ_μ/μ_p	- 3.183 345 39(10)		3.2×10^{-8}
	Tau, τ^-			
tau mass ^f in u, $m_\tau = A_r(\tau)$ u (tau relative atomic mass times u)	m_τ	3.167 88(52) $\times 10^{-27}$	kg	1.6×10^{-4}
energy equivalent in MeV	$m_\tau c^2$	1.907 74(31) 2.847 15(46) $\times 10^{-10}$ 1 777.05(29)	u J MeV	1.6×10^{-4} 1.6×10^{-4} 1.6×10^{-4}

Fundamental Physical Constants — Complete Listing

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tau-electron mass ratio	m_τ/m_e	3 477.60(57)		1.6×10^{-4}
tau-muon mass ratio	m_τ/m_μ	16.8188(27)		1.6×10^{-4}
tau-proton mass ratio	m_τ/m_p	1.893 96(31)		1.6×10^{-4}
tau-neutron mass ratio	m_τ/m_n	1.891 35(31)		1.6×10^{-4}
tau molar mass $N_A m_\tau$	$M(\tau), M_\tau$	$1.907\,74(31) \times 10^{-3}$	kg mol^{-1}	1.6×10^{-4}
tau Compton wavelength $h/m_\tau c$	$\lambda_{C,\tau}$	$0.697\,70(11) \times 10^{-15}$	m	1.6×10^{-4}
$\lambda_{C,\tau}/2\pi$	$\lambda_{C,\tau}$	$0.111\,042(18) \times 10^{-15}$	m	1.6×10^{-4}
		Proton, p		
proton mass in u, $m_p = A_r(p)$ u (proton relative atomic mass times u)	m_p	$1.672\,621\,58(13) \times 10^{-27}$	kg	7.9×10^{-8}
energy equivalent in MeV	$m_p c^2$	1.007 276 466 88(13) $1.503\,277\,31(12) \times 10^{-10}$ 938.271 998(38)	u J MeV	1.3×10^{-10} 7.9×10^{-8} 4.0×10^{-8}
proton-electron mass ratio	m_p/m_e	1 836.152 6675(39)		2.1×10^{-9}
proton-muon mass ratio	m_p/m_μ	8.880 244 08(27)		3.0×10^{-8}
proton-tau mass ratio	m_p/m_τ	0.527 994(86)		1.6×10^{-4}
proton-neutron mass ratio	m_p/m_n	0.998 623 478 55(58)		5.8×10^{-10}
proton charge to mass quotient	e/m_p	$9.578\,834\,08(38) \times 10^7$	C kg^{-1}	4.0×10^{-8}
proton molar mass $N_A m_p$	$M(p), M_p$	$1.007\,276\,466\,88(13) \times 10^{-3}$	kg mol^{-1}	1.3×10^{-10}
proton Compton wavelength $h/m_p c$	$\lambda_{C,p}$	$1.321\,409\,847(10) \times 10^{-15}$	m	7.6×10^{-9}
$\lambda_{C,p}/2\pi$	$\lambda_{C,p}$	$0.210\,308\,9089(16) \times 10^{-15}$	m	7.6×10^{-9}
proton magnetic moment	μ_p	$1.410\,606\,633(58) \times 10^{-26}$	J T^{-1}	4.1×10^{-8}
to Bohr magneton ratio	μ_p/μ_B	$1.521\,032\,203(15) \times 10^{-3}$		1.0×10^{-8}
to nuclear magneton ratio	μ_p/μ_N	2.792 847 337(29)		1.0×10^{-8}
proton g-factor $2\mu_p/\mu_N$	g_p	5.585 694 675(57)		1.0×10^{-8}
proton-neutron				
magnetic moment ratio	μ_p/μ_n	-1.459 898 05(34)		2.4×10^{-7}
shielded proton magnetic moment (H ₂ O, sphere, 25 °C)	μ'_p	$1.410\,570\,399(59) \times 10^{-26}$	J T^{-1}	4.2×10^{-8}
to Bohr magneton ratio	μ'_p/μ_B	$1.520\,993\,132(16) \times 10^{-3}$		1.1×10^{-8}
to nuclear magneton ratio	μ'_p/μ_N	2.792 775 597(31)		1.1×10^{-8}
proton magnetic shielding correction $1 - \mu'_p/\mu_p$ (H ₂ O, sphere, 25 °C)	σ'_p	$25.687(15) \times 10^{-6}$		5.7×10^{-4}
proton gyromagnetic ratio $2\mu_p/\hbar$	γ_p	$2.675\,222\,12(11) \times 10^8$	$\text{s}^{-1} \text{T}^{-1}$	4.1×10^{-8}
	$\gamma_p/2\pi$	42.577 4825(18)	MHz T^{-1}	4.1×10^{-8}
shielded proton gyromagnetic ratio $2\mu'_p/\hbar$ (H ₂ O, sphere, 25 °C)	γ'_p	$2.675\,153\,41(11) \times 10^8$	$\text{s}^{-1} \text{T}^{-1}$	4.2×10^{-8}
	$\gamma'_p/2\pi$	42.576 3888(18)	MHz T^{-1}	4.2×10^{-8}
		Neutron, n		

Fundamental Physical Constants — Complete Listing

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neutron mass in u, $m_n = A_r(n) u$ (neutron relative atomic mass times u)	m_n	$1.674\,927\,16(13) \times 10^{-27}$	kg	7.9×10^{-8}
energy equivalent in MeV	$m_n c^2$	$1.008\,664\,915\,78(55)$ $1.505\,349\,46(12) \times 10^{-10}$ $939.565\,330(38)$	u J MeV	5.4×10^{-10} 7.9×10^{-8} 4.0×10^{-8}
neutron-electron mass ratio	m_n/m_e	$1\,838.683\,6550(40)$		2.2×10^{-9}
neutron-muon mass ratio	m_n/m_μ	$8.892\,484\,78(27)$		3.0×10^{-8}
neutron-tau mass ratio	m_n/m_τ	$0.528\,722(86)$		1.6×10^{-4}
neutron-proton mass ratio	m_n/m_p	$1.001\,378\,418\,87(58)$		5.8×10^{-10}
neutron molar mass $N_A m_n$	$M(n), M_n$	$1.008\,664\,915\,78(55) \times 10^{-3}$	kg mol ⁻¹	5.4×10^{-10}
neutron Compton wavelength $h/m_n c$ $\lambda_{C,n}/2\pi$	$\lambda_{C,n}$	$1.319\,590\,898(10) \times 10^{-15}$ $0.210\,019\,4142(16) \times 10^{-15}$	m	7.6×10^{-9} 7.6×10^{-9}
neutron magnetic moment to Bohr magneton ratio to nuclear magneton ratio	μ_n μ_n/μ_B μ_n/μ_N	$-0.966\,236\,40(23) \times 10^{-26}$ $-1.041\,875\,63(25) \times 10^{-3}$ $-1.913\,042\,72(45)$	J T ⁻¹	2.4×10^{-7} 2.4×10^{-7} 2.4×10^{-7}
neutron g-factor $2\mu_n/\mu_N$	g_n	$-3.826\,085\,45(90)$		2.4×10^{-7}
neutron-electron magnetic moment ratio	μ_n/μ_e	$1.040\,668\,82(25) \times 10^{-3}$		2.4×10^{-7}
neutron-proton magnetic moment ratio	μ_n/μ_p	$-0.684\,979\,34(16)$		2.4×10^{-7}
neutron to shielded proton magnetic moment ratio (H ₂ O, sphere, 25 °C)	μ_n/μ'_p	$-0.684\,996\,94(16)$		2.4×10^{-7}
neutron gyromagnetic ratio $2 \mu_n /\hbar$	γ_n $\gamma_n/2\pi$	$1.832\,471\,88(44) \times 10^8$ $29.164\,6958(70)$	s ⁻¹ T ⁻¹ MHz T ⁻¹	2.4×10^{-7} 2.4×10^{-7}
Deuteron, d				
deuteron mass in u, $m_d = A_r(d) u$ (deuteron relative atomic mass times u)	m_d	$3.343\,583\,09(26) \times 10^{-27}$	kg	7.9×10^{-8}
energy equivalent in MeV	$m_d c^2$	$2.013\,553\,212\,71(35)$ $3.005\,062\,62(24) \times 10^{-10}$ $1.875.612\,762(75)$	u J MeV	1.7×10^{-10} 7.9×10^{-8} 4.0×10^{-8}
deuteron-electron mass ratio	m_d/m_e	$3\,670.482\,9550(78)$		2.1×10^{-9}
deuteron-proton mass ratio	m_d/m_p	$1.999\,007\,500\,83(41)$		2.0×10^{-10}
deuteron molar mass $N_A m_d$	$M(d), M_d$	$2.013\,553\,212\,71(35) \times 10^{-3}$	kg mol ⁻¹	1.7×10^{-10}
deuteron magnetic moment to Bohr magneton ratio to nuclear magneton ratio	μ_d μ_d/μ_B μ_d/μ_N	$0.433\,073\,457(18) \times 10^{-26}$ $0.466\,975\,4556(50) \times 10^{-3}$ $0.857\,438\,2284(94)$	J T ⁻¹	4.2×10^{-8} 1.1×10^{-8} 1.1×10^{-8}
deuteron-electron magnetic moment ratio	μ_d/μ_e	$-4.664\,345\,537(50) \times 10^{-4}$		1.1×10^{-8}
deuteron-proton magnetic moment ratio	μ_d/μ_p	$0.307\,012\,2083(45)$		1.5×10^{-8}

Fundamental Physical Constants — Complete Listing

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deuteron-neutron magnetic moment ratio	μ_d/μ_n	-0.448 206 52(11)		2.4×10^{-7}
		Helion, h		
helion mass ^e in u, $m_h = A_r(h) u$ (helion relative atomic mass times u)	m_h	$5.006\,411\,74(39) \times 10^{-27}$	kg	7.9×10^{-8}
energy equivalent in MeV	$m_h c^2$	$3.014\,932\,234\,69(86)$ $4.499\,538\,48(35) \times 10^{-10}$ 2 808.391 32(11)	u J MeV	2.8×10^{-10} 7.9×10^{-8} 4.0×10^{-8}
helion-electron mass ratio	m_h/m_e	5 495.885 238(12)		2.1×10^{-9}
helion-proton mass ratio	m_h/m_p	2.993 152 658 50(93)		3.1×10^{-10}
helion molar mass $N_A m_h$	$M(h), M_h$	$3.014\,932\,234\,69(86) \times 10^{-3}$	kg mol ⁻¹	2.8×10^{-10}
shielded helion magnetic moment (gas, sphere, 25 °C)	μ'_h	$-1.074\,552\,967(45) \times 10^{-26}$	J T ⁻¹	4.2×10^{-8}
to Bohr magneton ratio	μ'_h/μ_B	$-1.158\,671\,474(14) \times 10^{-3}$		1.2×10^{-8}
to nuclear magneton ratio	μ'_h/μ_N	-2.127 497 718(25)		1.2×10^{-8}
shielded helion to proton magnetic moment ratio (gas, sphere, 25 °C)	μ'_h/μ_p	-0.761 766 563(12)		1.5×10^{-8}
shielded helion to shielded proton magnetic moment ratio (gas/H ₂ O, spheres, 25 °C)	μ'_h/μ'_p	-0.761 786 1313(33)		4.3×10^{-9}
shielded helion gyromagnetic ratio $2 \mu'_h /\hbar$ (gas, sphere, 25 °C)	γ'_h	$2.037\,894\,764(85) \times 10^8$	s ⁻¹ T ⁻¹	4.2×10^{-8}
	$\gamma'_h/2\pi$	32.434 1025(14)	MHz T ⁻¹	4.2×10^{-8}
		Alpha particle, α		
alpha particle mass	m_α	$6.644\,655\,98(52) \times 10^{-27}$	kg	7.9×10^{-8}
in u, $m_\alpha = A_r(\alpha) u$ (alpha particle relative atomic mass times u)		4.001 506 1747(10)	u	2.5×10^{-10}
energy equivalent in MeV	$m_\alpha c^2$	$5.971\,918\,97(47) \times 10^{-10}$	J MeV	7.9×10^{-8} 4.0×10^{-8}
alpha particle to electron mass ratio	m_α/m_e	7 294.299 508(16)		2.1×10^{-9}
alpha particle to proton mass ratio	m_α/m_p	3.972 599 6846(11)		2.8×10^{-10}
alpha particle molar mass $N_A m_\alpha$	$M(\alpha), M_\alpha$	$4.001\,506\,1747(10) \times 10^{-3}$	kg mol ⁻¹	2.5×10^{-10}
		PHYSICO-CHEMICAL		
Avogadro constant	N_A, L	$6.022\,141\,99(47) \times 10^{23}$	mol ⁻¹	7.9×10^{-8}
atomic mass constant				
$m_u = \frac{1}{12}m(^{12}\text{C}) = 1 \text{ u}$ $= 10^{-3} \text{ kg mol}^{-1}/N_A$	m_u	$1.660\,538\,73(13) \times 10^{-27}$	kg	7.9×10^{-8}
energy equivalent in MeV	$m_u c^2$	$1.492\,417\,78(12) \times 10^{-10}$ 931.494 013(37)	J MeV	7.9×10^{-8} 4.0×10^{-8}
Faraday constant ^g $N_A e$	F	96 485.3415(39)	C mol ⁻¹	4.0×10^{-8}

Fundamental Physical Constants — Complete Listing

Quantity	Symbol	Value	Unit	Relative std. uncert. u_r
molar Planck constant	$N_A h$	$3.990\,312\,689(30) \times 10^{-10}$	J s mol ⁻¹	7.6×10^{-9}
	$N_A h c$	0.119 626 564 92(91)	J m mol ⁻¹	7.6×10^{-9}
molar gas constant	R	8.314 472(15)	J mol ⁻¹ K ⁻¹	1.7×10^{-6}
Boltzmann constant R/N_A in eV K ⁻¹	k	$1.380\,6503(24) \times 10^{-23}$	J K ⁻¹	1.7×10^{-6}
		$8.617\,342(15) \times 10^{-5}$	eV K ⁻¹	1.7×10^{-6}
	k/h	$2.083\,6644(36) \times 10^{10}$	Hz K ⁻¹	1.7×10^{-6}
	k/hc	69.503 56(12)	m ⁻¹ K ⁻¹	1.7×10^{-6}
molar volume of ideal gas RT/p $T = 273.15$ K, $p = 101.325$ kPa	V_m	$22.413\,996(39) \times 10^{-3}$	m ³ mol ⁻¹	1.7×10^{-6}
Loschmidt constant N_A/V_m	n_0	$2.686\,7775(47) \times 10^{25}$	m ⁻³	1.7×10^{-6}
$T = 273.15$ K, $p = 100$ kPa	V_m	$22.710\,981(40) \times 10^{-3}$	m ³ mol ⁻¹	1.7×10^{-6}
Sackur-Tetrode constant (absolute entropy constant) ^h $\frac{5}{2} + \ln[(2\pi m_u k T_1 / h^2)^{3/2} k T_1 / p_0]$ $T_1 = 1$ K, $p_0 = 100$ kPa	S_0/R	$-1.151\,7048(44)$		3.8×10^{-6}
$T_1 = 1$ K, $p_0 = 101.325$ kPa		$-1.164\,8678(44)$		3.7×10^{-6}
Stefan-Boltzmann constant ($\pi^2/60$) $k^4/\hbar^3 c^2$	σ	$5.670\,400(40) \times 10^{-8}$	W m ⁻² K ⁻⁴	7.0×10^{-6}
first radiation constant $2\pi hc^2$	c_1	$3.741\,771\,07(29) \times 10^{-16}$	W m ²	7.8×10^{-8}
first radiation constant for spectral radiance $2hc^2$	c_{1L}	$1.191\,042\,722(93) \times 10^{-16}$	W m ² sr ⁻¹	7.8×10^{-8}
second radiation constant hc/k	c_2	$1.438\,7752(25) \times 10^{-2}$	m K	1.7×10^{-6}
Wien displacement law constant $b = \lambda_{\max} T = c_2/4.965\,114\,231\dots$	b	$2.897\,7686(51) \times 10^{-3}$	m K	1.7×10^{-6}

^a See the “Adopted values” table for the conventional value adopted internationally for realizing representations of the volt using the Josephson effect.

^b See the “Adopted values” table for the conventional value adopted internationally for realizing representations of the ohm using the quantum Hall effect.

^c Value recommended by the Particle Data Group, Caso et al., Eur. Phys. J. C **3**(1-4), 1-794 (1998).

^d Based on the ratio of the masses of the W and Z bosons m_W/m_Z recommended by the Particle Data Group (Caso et al., 1998). The value for $\sin^2\theta_W$ they recommend, which is based on a particular variant of the modified minimal subtraction ($\overline{\text{MS}}$) scheme, is $\sin^2\hat{\theta}_W(M_Z) = 0.231\,24(24)$.

^e The helion, symbol h, is the nucleus of the ${}^3\text{He}$ atom.

^f This and all other values involving m_τ are based on the value of $m_\tau c^2$ in MeV recommended by the Particle Data Group, Caso et al., Eur. Phys. J. C **3**(1-4), 1-794 (1998), but with a standard uncertainty of 0.29 MeV rather than the quoted uncertainty of -0.26 MeV, $+0.29$ MeV.

^g The numerical value of F to be used in coulometric chemical measurements is $96\,485.3432(76)$ [7.9×10^{-8}] when the relevant current is measured in terms of representations of the volt and ohm based on the Josephson and quantum Hall effects and the internationally adopted conventional values of the Josephson and von Klitzing constants $K_{\text{J}-90}$ and $R_{\text{K}-90}$ given in the “Adopted values” table.

^h The entropy of an ideal monoatomic gas of relative atomic mass A_r is given by $S = S_0 + \frac{3}{2}R \ln A_r - R \ln(p/p_0) + \frac{5}{2}R \ln(T/\text{K})$.